## **Modern Physics Examination syllabus**

- 1. The absolute frame of reference, the Michelson-experiment. The special theory of relativity. The Lorentz-transformation. Basic concepts of relativistic dynamics. The variation of mass with velocity. Mass energy equivalence. Cockroft-Walton experiment. Experimental basis of quantum physics.
- 2. Blackbody radiation, the molar heat capacity of solids at low temperature. Photoelectric effect, the birth of the photon concept.
- 3. Compton scattering. Line spectra of atoms. Bohr's postulates. Franck and Hertz experiment.
- 4. The Bohr model of hydrogen. The explanation of line series.
- 5. Wave particle duality of particles, de-Broglie hypothesis. Concept of wave packet. Experimental verification of wave particle duality. Two-slit interference of electrons.
- 6. The Heisenberg uncertainty principle and the consequences. The Schrödinger equation of quantum mechanics. The meaning of the wave function. Quantum mechanical description of the motion of a free particle.
- 7. Travelling through a potential step. Tunnelling through a rectangular potential barrier. Application of tunnel effect. The quantum mechanical model of the Hydrogen atom. The electron spin.
- 8. The X-ray spectra. The continuous X-ray spectrum, the characteristic X-ray spectrum. Quantum optics, physical basic of laser operation. Stimulated emission, population inversion. Different lasers.
- Nuclear physics. Discovering the nucleus, Rutherford experiment. Nuclear interaction. Radioactivity α-, β-, χ-, radiation. The laws of radioactive decay. Radioactive decay series. Detection and measurement of radioactive radiation. Biological effects of radiation.
- 10. Mass defect and nuclear binding energy. Nuclear fission. Chain reaction. The nuclear reactor. Nuclear fusion.