

4a. (4 pont)

$$y' = (y^2 + 4)y.$$

Keresd meg a DE fixpontjait!

Find the fixed points of the DE!

Ird fel a fixpontok koruli linearizalt kozelito DE-t!

Write down the linearized approximation of the DE at the fixed points!

Ha $y(0) = 1.34$, mennyi

If $y(0) = 1.34$, then how much are

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} y(x) = \quad \lim_{x \rightarrow -\infty} y(x) =$$

Vazold a DE megoldasgorbeit!

Plot the solution curves of the DE!

4b. (6 pont)

$$\begin{pmatrix} y_1' \\ y_2' \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} (y_2 - 2)y_1 \\ (y_1 - 4)(y_2 + 5) \end{pmatrix}$$

Keresd meg a DE fixpontjait!

Find the fixed points of the DE!

Ird fel a fixpont koruli linearizalt kozelito DE-t!

Write down the linearized approximation of the DE at the fixed points!

1a. Mi az $y'(t) = 4 + \delta(t)$, $y(3) = 4$ DE megoldasa?

What is the solution of this DE?

1b. Mi az $y''(t) = 4 + \delta(t)$, $y(3) = 4$, $y'(3) = 5$ DE megoldasa?

What is the solution of this DE?

1c1. Mi az $y''(t) = -4y(t) + \delta(t)$ DE retardalt fundamentalis megoldasa?

What is the retarded fundamental solution of $y''(t) = -4y(t) + \delta(t)$?

1c2. Mi az $y''(t) = -4y(t) + f(t)$, $y(t) = f(t) = 0$, ha $t \ll 0$, DE megoldasa?

What is the solution of $y''(t) = -4y(t) + f(t)$, $y(t) = f(t) = 0$, if $t \ll 0$, ?

2. (5+2+3 pont) Legyen

$$\begin{pmatrix} y_1' \\ y_2' \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 2y_1 - 3y_2 \\ 3y_1 + 2y_2 \end{pmatrix} = A \begin{pmatrix} y_1 \\ y_2 \end{pmatrix}, \quad \begin{pmatrix} y_1(0) \\ y_2(0) \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} \quad \text{illetve} \quad \begin{pmatrix} y_1(0) \\ y_2(0) \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

Keresd meg A sajátertekeit es sajátvektorait!

Ird fel a DE altalanos megoldasait!

Szamold ki a DE partikularis megoldasait!

2. (5+2+3 pont) Let

$$\begin{pmatrix} y_1' \\ y_2' \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 2y_1 - 3y_2 \\ 3y_1 + 2y_2 \end{pmatrix} = A \begin{pmatrix} y_1 \\ y_2 \end{pmatrix}, \quad \begin{pmatrix} y_1(0) \\ y_2(0) \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} \quad \text{illetve} \quad \begin{pmatrix} y_1(0) \\ y_2(0) \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

Find the eigenvectors and eigenvalues of A !

Find the general solution of th DE!

Compute the particular solutions!

3a1. Mennyi e^{tA} ?

How much is e^{tA} ?

3a2. Mi az $\frac{d}{dt}\bar{y}(t) = A\bar{y}(t) + \bar{f}(t)$, $\bar{y}(t) = \bar{f}(t) = 0$, ha $t \ll 0$, DE megoldasa?

Solve the following DE:

$$\frac{d}{dt}\bar{y}(t) = A\bar{y}(t) + \bar{f}(t), \quad \bar{y}(t) = \bar{f}(t) = 0, \quad \text{ha } t \ll 0$$

3b. Let

$$\begin{pmatrix} y_1' \\ y_2' \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 2y_1 - 3y_2 \\ 2y_2 \end{pmatrix} = A \begin{pmatrix} y_1 \\ y_2 \end{pmatrix}$$

Compute e^{tA} ?

Mi az elozo DE partikularis megoldasa az $(y_1(0), y_2(0))^T = (4, 5)$ kezdeti feltetel mellett?

What is the particular solution, if $(y_1(0), y_2(0))^T = (4, 5)$?

1 Possible variations

4a

Solve 4a if y' is

$$(y-4)y, \quad y^2+4, \quad e^y-77, \quad 1-\frac{0.5}{1+y^2}, \quad y(1-y)(4+y)$$

4b

Solve 4b when $\frac{d}{dt}\bar{y}$ is

$$\begin{pmatrix} y_2 y_1 \\ (y_1+4)(y_2+5) \end{pmatrix}, \quad \begin{pmatrix} y_2-3 \\ (y_1+4)(y_2+5) \end{pmatrix}, \quad \begin{pmatrix} y_1^2+1 \\ (y_1+4)(y_2+5) \end{pmatrix}, \quad \begin{pmatrix} e^{y_1} y_2 \\ (y_1+3)(y_2+5) \end{pmatrix}.$$

1a

Solve the following DE:

$$y'(t) = 3 + \delta(t+2), \quad y(3) = 7, \quad y'(t) = 3 + 5\delta(t-5), \quad y(3) = 7.$$

1b

Solve the following DE:

$$y''(t) = -\delta(t-2), \quad y(0) = 7, \quad y(3) = 7, \quad y''(t) = -\delta(t-2), \quad y(0) = 0, \quad y'(3) = 0.$$

1c1+1c2

Solve these problems when the homogeneous part of the DE is

$$y'' = 4y, \quad y'' = -4y' - 5y.$$

2+3a1+3a2

Solve these exercises when the coefficient matrix A is

$$\begin{pmatrix} -5 & 0 \\ 5 & 6 \end{pmatrix}, \quad \begin{pmatrix} -5 & 6 \\ 6 & -5 \end{pmatrix}, \quad \begin{pmatrix} -5 & 6 \\ -6 & -5 \end{pmatrix}, \quad \begin{pmatrix} -5 & 0 & 0 \\ 5 & 6 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 7 \end{pmatrix}.$$

3b

Solve these exercises when the coefficient matrix A is

$$\begin{pmatrix} -5 & 6 \\ 0 & -5 \end{pmatrix}, \quad \begin{pmatrix} -5 & 0 & 0 \\ 5 & -5 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 7 \end{pmatrix}, \quad \begin{pmatrix} -5 & 0 & 0 \\ 1 & -5 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & -5 \end{pmatrix}$$