

- (1) Suppose that the dynamics of a two state stochastic system is generated by the matrix $\begin{pmatrix} \frac{2}{5} & \frac{1}{2} \\ \frac{3}{5} & \frac{1}{2} \end{pmatrix}$. Find the steady state probability vector $\begin{pmatrix} p_1 \\ p_2 \end{pmatrix}$. How much is p_1/p_2 ?
 A) $\frac{5}{6}$, B) $\frac{17}{6}$, C) $\frac{7}{6}$, D) $\frac{11}{6}$, E) $\frac{13}{6}$
- (2) Let us take the following mapping $\phi : \begin{pmatrix} x \\ y \end{pmatrix} \rightarrow \begin{pmatrix} 2 & z \\ 2 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} x \\ y \end{pmatrix}$. How much is z , if ϕ is not invertible?
 A) -2, B) 1, C) -1, D) -3, E) 0
- (3) Compute $\begin{pmatrix} a & b \\ c & d \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 4 \\ 0 & 2 \end{pmatrix}^{-1}$. How much is $a + 2b + 3c + 4d$?
 A) -4, B) -1, C) -5, D) -3, E) -2
- (4) Let $f(x) = 5x + 9$. Compute $f^{-1}(x) = cx + d$. How much is $2c + 3d$?
 A) -9, B) -8, C) -7, D) -5, E) -6
- (5) Let $f(x) = 2x - 5$ and $x_0 = 9$. Compute $f^9(x_0)$.
 A) 2052, B) 2053, C) 2054, D) 2051, E) 2055
- (6) One of the eigenvectors of the matrix $\begin{pmatrix} 3 & 5 \\ 5 & 3 \end{pmatrix}$ is $\begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ -1 \end{pmatrix}$. What is the corresponding eigenvalue?
 A) -1, B) 0, C) -2, D) -3, E) 1

1¹: 2¹: 3¹: 4¹: 5¹: 6¹:

- (1) Let us take the following mapping $\phi : \begin{pmatrix} x \\ y \end{pmatrix} \rightarrow \begin{pmatrix} 1 & z \\ 1 & 3 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} x \\ y \end{pmatrix}$. How much is z , if ϕ is not invertible?
 A) 2, B) 1, C) 5, D) 4, E) 3
- (2) One of the eigenvectors of the matrix $\begin{pmatrix} 4 & 6 \\ 6 & 4 \end{pmatrix}$ is $\begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ -1 \end{pmatrix}$. What is the corresponding eigenvalue?
 A) -2, B) -3, C) 1, D) -1, E) 0
- (3) One of the eigenvalues of the matrix $\begin{pmatrix} 2 & 3 \\ 0 & 5 \end{pmatrix}$ is 5. Compute the corresponding eigenvector $\begin{pmatrix} x \\ y \end{pmatrix}$. How much is x/y ?
 A) $-\frac{7}{2}$, B) $-\frac{3}{2}$, C) $-\frac{9}{2}$, D) $-\frac{5}{2}$, E) $-\frac{1}{2}$
- (4) Let $f(x) = 5x + 7$. Compute $f^{-1}(x) = cx + d$. How much is $2c + 3d$?
 A) $-\frac{19}{5}$, B) $-\frac{17}{5}$, C) $-\frac{14}{5}$, D) $-\frac{16}{5}$, E) $-\frac{18}{5}$
- (5) Compute $\begin{pmatrix} a & b \\ c & d \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 2 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix}^{-1}$. How much is $a + 2b + 3c + 4d$?
 A) $\frac{3}{2}$, B) $\frac{11}{2}$, C) $\frac{7}{2}$, D) $\frac{9}{2}$, E) $\frac{5}{2}$
- (6) Let $f(x) = 2x - 4$ and $x_0 = 8$. Compute $f^{11}(x_0)$.
 A) 8194, B) 8193, C) 8196, D) 8197, E) 8195

1¹:2¹:3¹:4¹:5¹:6¹:

- (1) Compute $\begin{pmatrix} a & b \\ c & d \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 3 & 4 \\ 0 & 2 \end{pmatrix}^{-1}$. How much is $a + 2b + 3c + 4d$?
 A) 0, B) 1, C) 2, D) -1, E) 3
- (2) Suppose that the dynamics of a two state stochastic system is generated by the matrix $\begin{pmatrix} \frac{1}{10} & \frac{9}{10} \\ \frac{9}{10} & \frac{1}{10} \end{pmatrix}$. Find the steady state probability vector $\begin{pmatrix} p_1 \\ p_2 \end{pmatrix}$. How much is p_1/p_2 ?
 A) 1, B) 4, C) 0, D) 2, E) 3
- (3) One of the eigenvectors of the matrix $\begin{pmatrix} 3 & 4 \\ 4 & 3 \end{pmatrix}$ is $\begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}$. What is the corresponding eigenvalue?
 A) 7, B) 9, C) 10, D) 8, E) 11
- (4) Let $f(x) = 5x + 9$. Compute $f^{-1}(x) = cx + d$. How much is $2c + 3d$?
 A) -4, B) -3, C) -2, D) -6, E) -5
- (5) Let $f(x) = 2x - 4$ and $x_0 = 8$. Compute $f^{11}(x_0)$.
 A) 8193, B) 8195, C) 8196, D) 8194, E) 8192
- (6) Let us take the following mapping $\phi : \begin{pmatrix} x \\ y \end{pmatrix} \rightarrow \begin{pmatrix} 4 & 3 \\ 4 & 4 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} x \\ y \end{pmatrix}$. How much is the signed area of the image of the unit square?
 A) 4, B) 7, C) 3, D) 6, E) 5

 $1^1:$ $2^1:$ $3^1:$ $4^1:$ $5^1:$ $6^1:$

- (1) Let us take the following mapping $\phi: \begin{pmatrix} x \\ y \end{pmatrix} \rightarrow \begin{pmatrix} 4 & 4 \\ 2 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} x \\ y \end{pmatrix}$. How much is the signed area of the image of the unit square?
 A) -8, B) -6, C) -5, D) -4, E) -7
- (2) Suppose that the dynamics of a two state stochastic system is generated by the matrix $\begin{pmatrix} \frac{1}{2} & \frac{1}{2} \\ \frac{1}{2} & \frac{1}{2} \end{pmatrix}$. Find the steady state probability vector $\begin{pmatrix} p_1 \\ p_2 \end{pmatrix}$. How much is p_1/p_2 ?
 A) 2, B) 0, C) 1, D) -2, E) -1
- (3) Let $f(x) = 2x + 3$. Compute $f^{-1}(x) = cx + d$. How much is $2c + 3d$?
 A) $-\frac{7}{2}$, B) $-\frac{15}{2}$, C) $-\frac{11}{2}$, D) $-\frac{13}{2}$, E) $-\frac{9}{2}$
- (4) Let $f(x) = 2x - 4$ and $x_0 = 5$. Compute $f^{11}(x_0)$.
 A) 2051, B) 2052, C) 2053, D) 2054, E) 2055
- (5) One of the eigenvectors of the matrix $\begin{pmatrix} 1 & 5 \\ 5 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$ is $\begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ -1 \end{pmatrix}$. What is the corresponding eigenvalue?
 A) -2, B) 0, C) -3, D) -4, E) -1
- (6) Compute $\begin{pmatrix} a & b \\ c & d \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix}^{-1}$. How much is $a + 2b + 3c + 4d$?
 A) 4, B) 6, C) 5, D) 3, E) 2

 $1^1:$ $2^1:$ $3^1:$ $4^1:$ $5^1:$ $6^1:$

- (1) One of the eigenvectors of the matrix $\begin{pmatrix} 1 & 3 \\ 3 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$ is $\begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}$. What is the correspondig eigenvalue?
 A) 5, B) 3, C) 6, D) 7, E) 4
- (2) Let us take the following mapping $\phi : \begin{pmatrix} x \\ y \end{pmatrix} \rightarrow \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 4 \\ 2 & 3 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} x \\ y \end{pmatrix}$. How much is the signed area of the image of the unit square?
 A) -6, B) -4, C) -5, D) -7, E) -8
- (3) Let $f(x) = 2x - 5$ and $x_0 = 6$. Compute $f^9(x_0)$.
 A) 518, B) 519, C) 517, D) 516, E) 515
- (4) One of the eigenvalues of the matrix $\begin{pmatrix} 4 & 2 \\ 0 & 7 \end{pmatrix}$ is 7. Compute the correspondig eigenvector $\begin{pmatrix} x \\ y \end{pmatrix}$. How much is x/y ?
 A) $-\frac{1}{2}$, B) $-\frac{3}{2}$, C) $\frac{5}{2}$, D) $\frac{3}{2}$, E) $\frac{1}{2}$
- (5) Let $f(x) = 3x + 4$. Compute $f^{-1}(x) = cx + d$. How much is $2c + 3d$?
 A) $-\frac{11}{3}$, B) $-\frac{13}{3}$, C) $-\frac{16}{3}$, D) $-\frac{10}{3}$, E) $-\frac{14}{3}$
- (6) Compute $\begin{pmatrix} a & b \\ c & d \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 3 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix}^{-1}$. How much is $a + 2b + 3c + 4d$?
 A) $\frac{13}{3}$, B) $\frac{10}{3}$, C) $\frac{8}{3}$, D) $\frac{11}{3}$, E) $\frac{14}{3}$

1¹:2¹:3¹:4¹:5¹:6¹:

- (1) Let $f(x) = 2x - 5$ and $x_0 = 6$. Compute $f^{11}(x_0)$.
 A) 2052, B) 2051, C) 2054, D) 2055, E) 2053
- (2) One of the eigenvectors of the matrix $\begin{pmatrix} 2 & 4 \\ 4 & 2 \end{pmatrix}$ is $\begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}$. What is the correspondig eigenvalue?
 A) 10, B) 6, C) 7, D) 8, E) 9
- (3) Let $f(x) = 3x + 4$. Compute $f^{-1}(x) = cx + d$. How much is $2c + 3d$?
 A) $-\frac{11}{3}$, B) $-\frac{7}{3}$, C) $-\frac{10}{3}$, D) $-\frac{8}{3}$, E) $-\frac{5}{3}$
- (4) Compute $\begin{pmatrix} a & b \\ c & d \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 4 & 1 \\ 0 & 3 \end{pmatrix}^{-1}$. How much is $a + 2b + 3c + 4d$?
 A) $\frac{23}{12}$, B) $\frac{17}{12}$, C) $\frac{25}{12}$, D) $\frac{29}{12}$, E) $\frac{19}{12}$
- (5) Let us take the following mapping $\phi : \begin{pmatrix} x \\ y \end{pmatrix} \rightarrow \begin{pmatrix} 3 & 2 \\ z & 2 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} x \\ y \end{pmatrix}$. How much is z , if ϕ is not invertible?
 A) 6, B) 3, C) 5, D) 4, E) 2
- (6) One of the eigenvalues of the matrix $\begin{pmatrix} 2 & 2 \\ 0 & 3 \end{pmatrix}$ is 3. Compute the correspondig eigenvector $\begin{pmatrix} x \\ y \end{pmatrix}$. How much is x/y ?
 A) -4, B) -2, C) -5, D) -3, E) -1

 $1^1:$ $2^1:$ $3^1:$ $4^1:$ $5^1:$ $6^1:$

- (1) One of the eigenvectors of the matrix $\begin{pmatrix} 2 & 3 \\ 3 & 2 \end{pmatrix}$ is $\begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ -1 \end{pmatrix}$. What is the corresponding eigenvalue?
 A) -3, B) -1, C) -2, D) -4, E) -5
- (2) Let $f(x) = 2x - 3$ and $x_0 = 7$. Compute $f^{10}(x_0)$.
 A) 4098, B) 4096, C) 4097, D) 4100, E) 4099
- (3) Suppose that the dynamics of a two state stochastic system is generated by the matrix $\begin{pmatrix} \frac{2}{5} & \frac{1}{2} \\ \frac{3}{5} & \frac{1}{2} \end{pmatrix}$. Find the steady state probability vector $\begin{pmatrix} p_1 \\ p_2 \end{pmatrix}$. How much is p_1/p_2 ?
 A) $\frac{11}{6}$, B) $\frac{7}{6}$, C) $\frac{17}{6}$, D) $\frac{5}{6}$, E) $\frac{13}{6}$
- (4) Compute $\begin{pmatrix} a & b \\ c & d \end{pmatrix}^{-1} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 3 \\ 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$. How much is $a + 2b + 3c + 4d$?
 A) -4, B) 0, C) -3, D) -2, E) -1
- (5) Let us take the following mapping $\phi : \begin{pmatrix} x \\ y \end{pmatrix} \rightarrow \begin{pmatrix} 4 & 2 \\ 4 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} x \\ y \end{pmatrix}$. How much is the signed area of the image of the unit square?
 A) -2, B) -1, C) -4, D) 0, E) -3
- (6) Let $f(x) = 2x + 6$. Compute $f^{-1}(x) = cx + d$. How much is $2c + 3d$?
 A) -6, B) -7, C) -5, D) -4, E) -8

1¹: 2¹: 3¹: 4¹: 5¹: 6¹:

- (1) Let us take the following mapping $\phi: \begin{pmatrix} x \\ y \end{pmatrix} \rightarrow \begin{pmatrix} 2 & 4 \\ z & 2 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} x \\ y \end{pmatrix}$. How much is z , if ϕ is not invertible?
 A) 1, B) 3, C) 0, D) -1, E) 2
- (2) Suppose that the dynamics of a two state stochastic system is generated by the matrix $\begin{pmatrix} \frac{1}{5} & \frac{3}{5} \\ \frac{4}{5} & \frac{2}{5} \end{pmatrix}$. Find the steady state probability vector $\begin{pmatrix} p_1 \\ p_2 \end{pmatrix}$. How much is p_1/p_2 ?
 A) $\frac{1}{4}$, B) $-\frac{3}{4}$, C) $-\frac{5}{4}$, D) $\frac{3}{4}$, E) $-\frac{1}{4}$
- (3) Compute $\begin{pmatrix} a & b \\ c & d \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 2 & 2 \\ 0 & 4 \end{pmatrix}^{-1}$. How much is $a + 2b + 3c + 4d$?
 A) 0, B) -2, C) 2, D) 1, E) -1
- (4) One of the eigenvectors of the matrix $\begin{pmatrix} 4 & 8 \\ 8 & 4 \end{pmatrix}$ is $\begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}$. What is the correspondig eigenvalue?
 A) 8, B) 12, C) 10, D) 9, E) 11
- (5) Let $f(x) = 2x + 4$. Compute $f^{-1}(x) = cx + d$. How much is $2c + 3d$?
 A) -8, B) -4, C) -7, D) -6, E) -5
- (6) Let $f(x) = 2x - 3$ and $x_0 = 6$. Compute $f^9(x_0)$.
 A) 1538, B) 1541, C) 1540, D) 1539, E) 1537

1¹: 2¹: 3¹: 4¹: 5¹: 6¹:

- (1) Let $f(x) = 5x + 7$. Compute $f^{-1}(x) = cx + d$. How much is $2c + 3d$?
 A) $-\frac{17}{5}$, B) $-\frac{18}{5}$, C) $-\frac{19}{5}$, D) $-\frac{21}{5}$, E) $-\frac{16}{5}$
- (2) One of the eigenvalues of the matrix $\begin{pmatrix} 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 5 \end{pmatrix}$ is 5. Compute the correspondig eigenvector $\begin{pmatrix} x \\ y \end{pmatrix}$. How much is x/y ?
 A) 1, B) -2, C) 0, D) -1, E) -3
- (3) Compute $\begin{pmatrix} a & b \\ c & d \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 4 \\ 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix}^{-1}$. How much is $a + 2b + 3c + 4d$?
 A) -1, B) -3, C) -2, D) -5, E) -4
- (4) Let us take the following mapping $\phi : \begin{pmatrix} x \\ y \end{pmatrix} \rightarrow \begin{pmatrix} 3 & 4 \\ 4 & 2 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} x \\ y \end{pmatrix}$. How much is the signed area of the image of the unit square?
 A) -13, B) -10, C) -14, D) -11, E) -12
- (5) One of the eigenvectors of the matrix $\begin{pmatrix} 1 & 3 \\ 3 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$ is $\begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}$. What is the correspondig eigenvalue?
 A) 6, B) 7, C) 5, D) 8, E) 4
- (6) Let $f(x) = 2x - 5$ and $x_0 = 9$. Compute $f^{11}(x_0)$.
 A) 8196, B) 8195, C) 8193, D) 8194, E) 8197

 $1^1:$ $2^1:$ $3^1:$ $4^1:$ $5^1:$ $6^1:$

- (1) Let $f(x) = 2x - 4$ and $x_0 = 7$. Compute $f^{10}(x_0)$.
 A) 3077, B) 3078, C) 3080, D) 3076, E) 3079
- (2) Let $f(x) = 5x + 6$. Compute $f^{-1}(x) = cx + d$. How much is $2c + 3d$?
 A) $-\frac{16}{5}$, B) $-\frac{14}{5}$, C) $-\frac{19}{5}$, D) $-\frac{17}{5}$, E) $-\frac{18}{5}$
- (3) Compute $\begin{pmatrix} a & b \\ c & d \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 4 & 1 \\ 0 & 2 \end{pmatrix}^{-1}$. How much is $a + 2b + 3c + 4d$?
 A) 3, B) 2, C) 4, D) 1, E) 0
- (4) One of the eigenvectors of the matrix $\begin{pmatrix} 3 & 6 \\ 6 & 3 \end{pmatrix}$ is $\begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ -1 \end{pmatrix}$. What is the corresponding eigenvalue?
 A) -3, B) -4, C) -1, D) -5, E) -2
- (5) One of the eigenvalues of the matrix $\begin{pmatrix} 4 & 5 \\ 0 & 6 \end{pmatrix}$ is 6. Compute the corresponding eigenvector $\begin{pmatrix} x \\ y \end{pmatrix}$. How much is x/y ?
 A) $-\frac{11}{4}$, B) $-\frac{13}{4}$, C) $-\frac{9}{4}$, D) $-\frac{7}{4}$, E) $-\frac{5}{4}$
- (6) Let us take the following mapping $\phi : \begin{pmatrix} x \\ y \end{pmatrix} \rightarrow \begin{pmatrix} 3 & 1 \\ 2 & 2 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} x \\ y \end{pmatrix}$. How much is the signed area of the image of the unit square?
 A) 1, B) 4, C) 3, D) 2, E) 0

1¹:2¹:3¹:4¹:5¹:6¹:

- (1) Let us take the following mapping $\phi: \begin{pmatrix} x \\ y \end{pmatrix} \rightarrow \begin{pmatrix} 3 & 3 \\ 2 & 2 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} x \\ y \end{pmatrix}$. How much is the signed area of the image of the unit square?
 A) 3, B) 0, C) 2, D) 4, E) 1
- (2) Let $f(x) = 2x - 2$ and $x_0 = 5$. Compute $f^{10}(x_0)$.
 A) 3073, B) 3074, C) 3070, D) 3071, E) 3072
- (3) Compute $\begin{pmatrix} a & b \\ c & d \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 2 & 2 \end{pmatrix}^{-1}$. How much is $a + 2b + 3c + 4d$?
 A) 2, B) -1, C) 3, D) 1, E) 0
- (4) Suppose that the dynamics of a two state stochastic system is generated by the matrix $\begin{pmatrix} \frac{3}{10} & \frac{3}{5} \\ \frac{10}{7} & \frac{2}{5} \end{pmatrix}$. Find the steady state probability vector $\begin{pmatrix} p_1 \\ p_2 \end{pmatrix}$. How much is p_1/p_2 ?
 A) $\frac{10}{7}$, B) $\frac{9}{7}$, C) $\frac{8}{7}$, D) $\frac{6}{7}$, E) $\frac{5}{7}$
- (5) One of the eigenvectors of the matrix $\begin{pmatrix} 3 & 6 \\ 6 & 3 \end{pmatrix}$ is $\begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}$. What is the correspondig eigenvalue?
 A) 12, B) 10, C) 8, D) 9, E) 11
- (6) Let $f(x) = 2x + 6$. Compute $f^{-1}(x) = cx + d$. How much is $2c + 3d$?
 A) -7, B) -5, C) -4, D) -8, E) -6

1¹: 2¹: 3¹: 4¹: 5¹: 6¹:

- (1) Compute $\begin{pmatrix} a & b \\ c & d \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 3 & 0 \\ 3 & 3 \end{pmatrix}^{-1}$. How much is $a + 2b + 3c + 4d$?
 A) $\frac{2}{3}$, B) $-\frac{1}{3}$, C) $\frac{1}{3}$, D) $-\frac{2}{3}$, E) $\frac{4}{3}$
- (2) Suppose that the dynamics of a two state stochastic system is generated by the matrix $\begin{pmatrix} \frac{2}{5} & \frac{9}{10} \\ \frac{3}{5} & \frac{1}{10} \end{pmatrix}$. Find the steady state probability vector $\begin{pmatrix} p_1 \\ p_2 \end{pmatrix}$. How much is p_1/p_2 ?
 A) $-\frac{1}{2}$, B) $\frac{5}{2}$, C) $\frac{1}{2}$, D) $\frac{3}{2}$, E) $\frac{7}{2}$
- (3) Let $f(x) = 2x - 2$ and $x_0 = 4$. Compute $f^{11}(x_0)$.
 A) 4099, B) 4098, C) 4096, D) 4097, E) 4100
- (4) Let $f(x) = 2x + 4$. Compute $f^{-1}(x) = cx + d$. How much is $2c + 3d$?
 A) -1, B) -4, C) -5, D) -3, E) -2
- (5) One of the eigenvectors of the matrix $\begin{pmatrix} 2 & 4 \\ 4 & 2 \end{pmatrix}$ is $\begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}$. What is the correspondig eigenvalue?
 A) 3, B) 5, C) 7, D) 6, E) 4
- (6) Let us take the following mapping $\phi : \begin{pmatrix} x \\ y \end{pmatrix} \rightarrow \begin{pmatrix} 2 & 3 \\ z & 4 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} x \\ y \end{pmatrix}$. How much is z , if ϕ is not invertible?
 A) $\frac{8}{3}$, B) $\frac{10}{3}$, C) $\frac{13}{3}$, D) $\frac{11}{3}$, E) $\frac{7}{3}$

1¹:2¹:3¹:4¹:5¹:6¹:

- (1) Compute $\begin{pmatrix} a & b \\ c & d \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 3 & 4 \\ 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix}^{-1}$. How much is $a + 2b + 3c + 4d$?
 A) $\frac{8}{3}$, B) $\frac{7}{3}$, C) $\frac{10}{3}$, D) $\frac{5}{3}$, E) $\frac{11}{3}$
- (2) One of the eigenvalues of the matrix $\begin{pmatrix} 2 & 3 \\ 0 & 5 \end{pmatrix}$ is 5. Compute the corresponding eigenvector $\begin{pmatrix} x \\ y \end{pmatrix}$. How much is x/y ?
 A) $\frac{1}{2}$, B) $-\frac{3}{2}$, C) $-\frac{5}{2}$, D) $-\frac{7}{2}$, E) $-\frac{1}{2}$
- (3) One of the eigenvectors of the matrix $\begin{pmatrix} 3 & 7 \\ 7 & 3 \end{pmatrix}$ is $\begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}$. What is the corresponding eigenvalue?
 A) 12, B) 9, C) 10, D) 13, E) 11
- (4) Let $f(x) = 2x + 5$. Compute $f^{-1}(x) = cx + d$. How much is $2c + 3d$?
 A) $-\frac{13}{2}$, B) $-\frac{17}{2}$, C) $-\frac{9}{2}$, D) $-\frac{11}{2}$, E) $-\frac{15}{2}$
- (5) Let $f(x) = 2x - 4$ and $x_0 = 6$. Compute $f^{11}(x_0)$.
 A) 4100, B) 4102, C) 4103, D) 4101, E) 4099
- (6) Let us take the following mapping $\phi : \begin{pmatrix} x \\ y \end{pmatrix} \rightarrow \begin{pmatrix} 2 & 2 \\ 4 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} x \\ y \end{pmatrix}$. How much is the signed area of the image of the unit square?
 A) -9, B) -10, C) -6, D) -7, E) -8

 $1^1:$ $2^1:$ $3^1:$ $4^1:$ $5^1:$ $6^1:$

- (1) One of the eigenvectors of the matrix $\begin{pmatrix} 4 & 5 \\ 5 & 4 \end{pmatrix}$ is $\begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ -1 \end{pmatrix}$. What is the corresponding eigenvalue?
 A) 1, B) 0, C) -1, D) 2, E) 3
- (2) Suppose that the dynamics of a two state stochastic system is generated by the matrix $\begin{pmatrix} \frac{1}{5} & \frac{4}{5} \\ \frac{4}{5} & \frac{1}{5} \end{pmatrix}$. Find the steady state probability vector $\begin{pmatrix} p_1 \\ p_2 \end{pmatrix}$. How much is p_1/p_2 ?
 A) -2, B) -3, C) 0, D) -1, E) 1
- (3) Compute $\begin{pmatrix} a & b \\ c & d \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 3 & 4 \end{pmatrix}^{-1}$. How much is $a + 2b + 3c + 4d$?
 A) $\frac{7}{4}$, B) $\frac{3}{4}$, C) $-\frac{1}{4}$, D) $\frac{5}{4}$, E) $\frac{1}{4}$
- (4) Let $f(x) = 5x + 7$. Compute $f^{-1}(x) = cx + d$. How much is $2c + 3d$?
 A) $-\frac{22}{5}$, B) $-\frac{18}{5}$, C) $-\frac{17}{5}$, D) $-\frac{21}{5}$, E) $-\frac{19}{5}$
- (5) Let us take the following mapping $\phi : \begin{pmatrix} x \\ y \end{pmatrix} \rightarrow \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 4 \\ z & 1 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} x \\ y \end{pmatrix}$. How much is z , if ϕ is not invertible?
 A) $-\frac{7}{4}$, B) $\frac{1}{4}$, C) $-\frac{3}{4}$, D) $-\frac{1}{4}$, E) $-\frac{5}{4}$
- (6) Let $f(x) = 2x - 2$ and $x_0 = 5$. Compute $f^9(x_0)$.
 A) 1536, B) 1537, C) 1540, D) 1539, E) 1538

1¹:2¹:3¹:4¹:5¹:6¹:

- (1) Let $f(x) = 2x - 3$ and $x_0 = 6$. Compute $f^{11}(x_0)$.
 A) 6149, B) 6148, C) 6147, D) 6146, E) 6145
- (2) Compute $\begin{pmatrix} a & b \\ c & d \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 3 & 0 \\ 2 & 3 \end{pmatrix}^{-1}$. How much is $a + 2b + 3c + 4d$?
 A) 0, B) -2, C) -3, D) -1, E) 1
- (3) Let us take the following mapping $\phi : \begin{pmatrix} x \\ y \end{pmatrix} \rightarrow \begin{pmatrix} 2 & 1 \\ 1 & 2 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} x \\ y \end{pmatrix}$. How much is the signed area of the image of the unit square?
 A) 6, B) 5, C) 3, D) 4, E) 7
- (4) Let $f(x) = 5x + 8$. Compute $f^{-1}(x) = cx + d$. How much is $2c + 3d$?
 A) $-\frac{23}{5}$, B) $-\frac{24}{5}$, C) $-\frac{22}{5}$, D) $-\frac{27}{5}$, E) $-\frac{26}{5}$
- (5) Suppose that the dynamics of a two state stochastic system is generated by the matrix $\begin{pmatrix} \frac{2}{5} & \frac{7}{10} \\ \frac{3}{5} & \frac{1}{10} \end{pmatrix}$. Find the steady state probability vector $\begin{pmatrix} p_1 \\ p_2 \end{pmatrix}$. How much is p_1/p_2 ?
 A) $\frac{19}{6}$, B) $\frac{11}{6}$, C) $\frac{13}{6}$, D) $\frac{7}{6}$, E) $\frac{17}{6}$
- (6) One of the eigenvectors of the matrix $\begin{pmatrix} 2 & 4 \\ 4 & 2 \end{pmatrix}$ is $\begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}$. What is the correspondig eigenvalue?
 A) 6, B) 7, C) 8, D) 4, E) 5

 $1^1:$ $2^1:$ $3^1:$ $4^1:$ $5^1:$ $6^1:$

- (1) Suppose that the dynamics of a two state stochastic system is generated by the matrix $\begin{pmatrix} \frac{2}{5} & \frac{3}{5} \\ \frac{3}{5} & \frac{2}{5} \end{pmatrix}$. Find the steady state probability vector $\begin{pmatrix} p_1 \\ p_2 \end{pmatrix}$. How much is p_1/p_2 ?
 A) 3, B) -1, C) 2, D) 1, E) 0
- (2) Let $f(x) = 4x + 6$. Compute $f^{-1}(x) = cx + d$. How much is $2c + 3d$?
 A) -6, B) -4, C) -3, D) -2, E) -5
- (3) One of the eigenvectors of the matrix $\begin{pmatrix} 3 & 5 \\ 5 & 3 \end{pmatrix}$ is $\begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}$. What is the correspondig eigenvalue?
 A) 10, B) 6, C) 7, D) 9, E) 8
- (4) Let us take the following mapping $\phi : \begin{pmatrix} x \\ y \end{pmatrix} \rightarrow \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 2 \\ 3 & 4 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} x \\ y \end{pmatrix}$. How much is the signed area of the image of the unit square?
 A) -4, B) 0, C) -2, D) -3, E) -1
- (5) Compute $\begin{pmatrix} a & b \\ c & d \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 1 & 3 \end{pmatrix}^{-1}$. How much is $a + 2b + 3c + 4d$?
 A) $\frac{1}{3}$, B) $\frac{7}{3}$, C) $\frac{4}{3}$, D) $\frac{2}{3}$, E) $\frac{5}{3}$
- (6) Let $f(x) = 2x - 5$ and $x_0 = 6$. Compute $f^{11}(x_0)$.
 A) 2054, B) 2053, C) 2052, D) 2051, E) 2050

1¹: 2¹: 3¹: 4¹: 5¹: 6¹:

- (1) One of the eigenvectors of the matrix $\begin{pmatrix} 4 & 8 \\ 8 & 4 \end{pmatrix}$ is $\begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ -1 \end{pmatrix}$. What is the corresponding eigenvalue?
 A) -7, B) -5, C) -3, D) -6, E) -4
- (2) Let $f(x) = 2x - 4$ and $x_0 = 5$. Compute $f^{11}(x_0)$.
 A) 2050, B) 2052, C) 2049, D) 2051, E) 2053
- (3) Compute $\begin{pmatrix} a & b \\ c & d \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 2 & 4 \\ 0 & 3 \end{pmatrix}^{-1}$. How much is $a + 2b + 3c + 4d$?
 A) $-\frac{5}{2}$, B) $-\frac{3}{2}$, C) $-\frac{1}{2}$, D) $\frac{1}{2}$, E) $\frac{3}{2}$
- (4) Let us take the following mapping $\phi : \begin{pmatrix} x \\ y \end{pmatrix} \rightarrow \begin{pmatrix} 3 & z \\ 2 & 3 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} x \\ y \end{pmatrix}$. How much is z , if ϕ is not invertible?
 A) $\frac{1}{2}$, B) $\frac{9}{2}$, C) $\frac{5}{2}$, D) $\frac{3}{2}$, E) $\frac{7}{2}$
- (5) Let $f(x) = 4x + 6$. Compute $f^{-1}(x) = cx + d$. How much is $2c + 3d$?
 A) -1, B) -4, C) -5, D) -2, E) -3
- (6) One of the eigenvalues of the matrix $\begin{pmatrix} 4 & 3 \\ 0 & 6 \end{pmatrix}$ is 6. Compute the corresponding eigenvector $\begin{pmatrix} x \\ y \end{pmatrix}$. How much is x/y ?
 A) $\frac{1}{4}$, B) $-\frac{3}{4}$, C) $-\frac{1}{4}$, D) $-\frac{5}{4}$, E) $-\frac{7}{4}$

1¹:2¹:3¹:4¹:5¹:6¹:

- (1) Let $f(x) = 2x - 5$ and $x_0 = 9$. Compute $f^{10}(x_0)$.
 A) 4100, B) 4099, C) 4102, D) 4101, E) 4098
- (2) Let us take the following mapping $\phi : \begin{pmatrix} x \\ y \end{pmatrix} \rightarrow \begin{pmatrix} 2 & z \\ 2 & 4 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} x \\ y \end{pmatrix}$. How much is z , if ϕ is not invertible?
 A) 5, B) 6, C) 8, D) 7, E) 4
- (3) Suppose that the dynamics of a two state stochastic system is generated by the matrix $\begin{pmatrix} \frac{1}{5} & \frac{1}{2} \\ \frac{3}{4} & \frac{1}{2} \end{pmatrix}$. Find the steady state probability vector $\begin{pmatrix} p_1 \\ p_2 \end{pmatrix}$. How much is p_1/p_2 ?
 A) $\frac{7}{8}$, B) $-\frac{1}{8}$, C) $\frac{3}{8}$, D) $\frac{5}{8}$, E) $\frac{1}{8}$
- (4) Let $f(x) = 3x + 6$. Compute $f^{-1}(x) = cx + d$. How much is $2c + 3d$?
 A) $-\frac{19}{3}$, B) $-\frac{17}{3}$, C) $-\frac{14}{3}$, D) $-\frac{13}{3}$, E) $-\frac{16}{3}$
- (5) Compute $\begin{pmatrix} a & b \\ c & d \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 4 & 0 \\ 2 & 1 \end{pmatrix}^{-1}$. How much is $a + 2b + 3c + 4d$?
 A) $\frac{11}{4}$, B) $\frac{7}{4}$, C) $\frac{5}{4}$, D) $\frac{13}{4}$, E) $\frac{9}{4}$
- (6) One of the eigenvectors of the matrix $\begin{pmatrix} 2 & 3 \\ 3 & 2 \end{pmatrix}$ is $\begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}$. What is the correspondig eigenvalue?
 A) 6, B) 7, C) 8, D) 9, E) 5

1¹:2¹:3¹:4¹:5¹:6¹:

- (1) Let $f(x) = 4x + 6$. Compute $f^{-1}(x) = cx + d$. How much is $2c + 3d$?
 A) -1, B) 0, C) -2, D) -3, E) -4
- (2) Let us take the following mapping $\phi : \begin{pmatrix} x \\ y \end{pmatrix} \rightarrow \begin{pmatrix} 3 & 3 \\ 1 & 4 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} x \\ y \end{pmatrix}$. How much is the signed area of the image of the unit square?
 A) 10, B) 7, C) 11, D) 9, E) 8
- (3) One of the eigenvalues of the matrix $\begin{pmatrix} 1 & 4 \\ 0 & 5 \end{pmatrix}$ is 5. Compute the correspondig eigenvector $\begin{pmatrix} x \\ y \end{pmatrix}$. How much is x/y ?
 A) -5, B) -7, C) -3, D) -6, E) -4
- (4) One of the eigenvectors of the matrix $\begin{pmatrix} 2 & 4 \\ 4 & 2 \end{pmatrix}$ is $\begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}$. What is the correspondig eigenvalue?
 A) 7, B) 10, C) 6, D) 8, E) 9
- (5) Compute $\begin{pmatrix} a & b \\ c & d \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 3 & 0 \\ 1 & 1 \end{pmatrix}^{-1}$. How much is $a + 2b + 3c + 4d$?
 A) $\frac{16}{3}$, B) $\frac{10}{3}$, C) $\frac{14}{3}$, D) $\frac{11}{3}$, E) $\frac{13}{3}$
- (6) Let $f(x) = 2x - 4$ and $x_0 = 7$. Compute $f^9(x_0)$.
 A) 1540, B) 1536, C) 1539, D) 1538, E) 1537

 $1^1:$ $2^1:$ $3^1:$ $4^1:$ $5^1:$ $6^1:$

- (1) One of the eigenvalues of the matrix $\begin{pmatrix} 4 & 2 \\ 0 & 5 \end{pmatrix}$ is 5. Compute the corresponding eigenvector $\begin{pmatrix} x \\ y \end{pmatrix}$. How much is x/y ?
 A) $-\frac{3}{2}$, B) $\frac{1}{2}$, C) $-\frac{1}{2}$, D) $\frac{5}{2}$, E) $\frac{3}{2}$
- (2) Compute $\begin{pmatrix} a & b \\ c & d \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 2 & 4 \\ 0 & 4 \end{pmatrix}^{-1}$. How much is $a + 2b + 3c + 4d$?
 A) $-\frac{7}{2}$, B) $\frac{1}{2}$, C) $-\frac{1}{2}$, D) $-\frac{5}{2}$, E) $-\frac{3}{2}$
- (3) Let us take the following mapping $\phi : \begin{pmatrix} x \\ y \end{pmatrix} \rightarrow \begin{pmatrix} 1 & z \\ 3 & 2 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} x \\ y \end{pmatrix}$. How much is z , if ϕ is not invertible?
 A) $\frac{1}{3}$, B) $\frac{7}{3}$, C) $\frac{5}{3}$, D) $\frac{2}{3}$, E) $\frac{4}{3}$
- (4) Let $f(x) = 2x - 5$ and $x_0 = 9$. Compute $f^9(x_0)$.
 A) 2054, B) 2053, C) 2052, D) 2050, E) 2051
- (5) Let $f(x) = 4x + 5$. Compute $f^{-1}(x) = cx + d$. How much is $2c + 3d$?
 A) $-\frac{17}{4}$, B) $-\frac{11}{4}$, C) $-\frac{13}{4}$, D) $-\frac{19}{4}$, E) $-\frac{15}{4}$
- (6) One of the eigenvectors of the matrix $\begin{pmatrix} 1 & 3 \\ 3 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$ is $\begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ -1 \end{pmatrix}$. What is the corresponding eigenvalue?
 A) 2, B) 0, C) -1, D) -2, E) 1

1¹:2¹:3¹:4¹:5¹:6¹:

- (1) Let $f(x) = 2x - 2$ and $x_0 = 3$. Compute $f^{11}(x_0)$.
 A) 2052, B) 2051, C) 2048, D) 2049, E) 2050
- (2) Let $f(x) = 5x + 8$. Compute $f^{-1}(x) = cx + d$. How much is $2c + 3d$?
 A) $-\frac{17}{5}$, B) $-\frac{18}{5}$, C) $-\frac{21}{5}$, D) $-\frac{22}{5}$, E) $-\frac{19}{5}$
- (3) Compute $\begin{pmatrix} a & b \\ c & d \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 4 & 2 \\ 0 & 4 \end{pmatrix}^{-1}$. How much is $a + 2b + 3c + 4d$?
 A) -1, B) 0, C) 2, D) 3, E) 1
- (4) Let us take the following mapping $\phi: \begin{pmatrix} x \\ y \end{pmatrix} \rightarrow \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 3 \\ z & 3 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} x \\ y \end{pmatrix}$. How much is z , if ϕ is not invertible?
 A) 4, B) 5, C) 2, D) 1, E) 3
- (5) Suppose that the dynamics of a two state stochastic system is generated by the matrix $\begin{pmatrix} \frac{3}{10} & \frac{9}{10} \\ \frac{7}{10} & \frac{1}{10} \end{pmatrix}$. Find the steady state probability vector $\begin{pmatrix} p_1 \\ p_2 \end{pmatrix}$. How much is p_1/p_2 ?
 A) $\frac{12}{7}$, B) $\frac{10}{7}$, C) $\frac{8}{7}$, D) $\frac{9}{7}$, E) $\frac{11}{7}$
- (6) One of the eigenvectors of the matrix $\begin{pmatrix} 1 & 2 \\ 2 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$ is $\begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}$. What is the correspondig eigenvalue?
 A) 2, B) 0, C) 4, D) 1, E) 3

1¹:2¹:3¹:4¹:5¹:6¹:

- (1) Let us take the following mapping $\phi: \begin{pmatrix} x \\ y \end{pmatrix} \rightarrow \begin{pmatrix} 4 & 1 \\ 2 & 4 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} x \\ y \end{pmatrix}$. How much is the signed area of the image of the unit square?
 A) 15, B) 13, C) 11, D) 12, E) 14
- (2) One of the eigenvectors of the matrix $\begin{pmatrix} 2 & 6 \\ 6 & 2 \end{pmatrix}$ is $\begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}$. What is the correspondig eigenvalue?
 A) 9, B) 11, C) 7, D) 8, E) 10
- (3) Let $f(x) = 2x - 4$ and $x_0 = 6$. Compute $f^{10}(x_0)$.
 A) 2052, B) 2054, C) 2051, D) 2050, E) 2053
- (4) Let $f(x) = 3x + 4$. Compute $f^{-1}(x) = cx + d$. How much is $2c + 3d$?
 A) $-\frac{10}{3}$, B) $-\frac{13}{3}$, C) $-\frac{7}{3}$, D) $-\frac{8}{3}$, E) $-\frac{11}{3}$
- (5) Compute $\begin{pmatrix} a & b \\ c & d \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 4 & 0 \\ 4 & 3 \end{pmatrix}^{-1}$. How much is $a + 2b + 3c + 4d$?
 A) $\frac{11}{12}$, B) $\frac{7}{12}$, C) $\frac{5}{12}$, D) $\frac{17}{12}$, E) $\frac{13}{12}$
- (6) Suppose that the dynamics of a two state stochastic system is generated by the matrix $\begin{pmatrix} \frac{1}{10} & \frac{1}{2} \\ \frac{9}{10} & \frac{1}{2} \end{pmatrix}$. Find the steady state probability vector $\begin{pmatrix} p_1 \\ p_2 \end{pmatrix}$. How much is p_1/p_2 ?
 A) $-\frac{1}{9}$, B) $\frac{5}{9}$, C) $\frac{4}{9}$, D) $\frac{1}{9}$, E) $\frac{2}{9}$

1¹:2¹:3¹:4¹:5¹:6¹:

- (1) One of the eigenvalues of the matrix $\begin{pmatrix} 4 & 1 \\ 0 & 6 \end{pmatrix}$ is 6. Compute the corresponding eigenvector $\begin{pmatrix} x \\ y \end{pmatrix}$. How much is x/y ?
 A) $\frac{5}{4}$, B) $\frac{1}{4}$, C) $-\frac{1}{4}$, D) $-\frac{3}{4}$, E) $\frac{3}{4}$
- (2) One of the eigenvectors of the matrix $\begin{pmatrix} 3 & 5 \\ 5 & 3 \end{pmatrix}$ is $\begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}$. What is the corresponding eigenvalue?
 A) 5, B) 9, C) 8, D) 7, E) 6
- (3) Compute $\begin{pmatrix} a & b \\ c & d \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 3 & 0 \\ 3 & 3 \end{pmatrix}^{-1}$. How much is $a + 2b + 3c + 4d$?
 A) $\frac{2}{3}$, B) $-\frac{4}{3}$, C) $-\frac{1}{3}$, D) $\frac{1}{3}$, E) $-\frac{2}{3}$
- (4) Let us take the following mapping $\phi : \begin{pmatrix} x \\ y \end{pmatrix} \rightarrow \begin{pmatrix} 4 & 2 \\ z & 4 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} x \\ y \end{pmatrix}$. How much is z , if ϕ is not invertible?
 A) 10, B) 6, C) 9, D) 8, E) 7
- (5) Let $f(x) = 3x + 7$. Compute $f^{-1}(x) = cx + d$. How much is $2c + 3d$?
 A) $-\frac{19}{3}$, B) $-\frac{20}{3}$, C) $-\frac{17}{3}$, D) $-\frac{16}{3}$, E) $-\frac{14}{3}$
- (6) Let $f(x) = 2x - 5$ and $x_0 = 9$. Compute $f^{10}(x_0)$.
 A) 4103, B) 4101, C) 4100, D) 4102, E) 4099

1¹:2¹:3¹:4¹:5¹:6¹:

- (1) Let us take the following mapping $\phi : \begin{pmatrix} x \\ y \end{pmatrix} \rightarrow \begin{pmatrix} 4 & 4 \\ z & 4 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} x \\ y \end{pmatrix}$. How much is z , if ϕ is not invertible?
 A) 4, B) 5, C) 7, D) 6, E) 3
- (2) Let $f(x) = 5x + 8$. Compute $f^{-1}(x) = cx + d$. How much is $2c + 3d$?
 A) $-\frac{22}{5}$, B) $-\frac{21}{5}$, C) $-\frac{17}{5}$, D) $-\frac{18}{5}$, E) $-\frac{19}{5}$
- (3) One of the eigenvalues of the matrix $\begin{pmatrix} 4 & 2 \\ 0 & 6 \end{pmatrix}$ is 6. Compute the corresponding eigenvector $\begin{pmatrix} x \\ y \end{pmatrix}$. How much is x/y ?
 A) $\frac{1}{2}$, B) $-\frac{1}{2}$, C) $\frac{5}{2}$, D) $-\frac{3}{2}$, E) $\frac{3}{2}$
- (4) One of the eigenvectors of the matrix $\begin{pmatrix} 3 & 7 \\ 7 & 3 \end{pmatrix}$ is $\begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ -1 \end{pmatrix}$. What is the corresponding eigenvalue?
 A) -5, B) -7, C) -4, D) -6, E) -8
- (5) Let $f(x) = 2x - 3$ and $x_0 = 6$. Compute $f^9(x_0)$.
 A) 1540, B) 1539, C) 1541, D) 1542, E) 1543
- (6) Compute $\begin{pmatrix} a & b \\ c & d \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 2 & 0 \\ 4 & 4 \end{pmatrix}^{-1}$. How much is $a + 2b + 3c + 4d$?
 A) 3, B) 2, C) 4, D) 1, E) 0

1¹:2¹:3¹:4¹:5¹:6¹:

- (1) One of the eigenvalues of the matrix $\begin{pmatrix} 3 & 2 \\ 0 & 7 \end{pmatrix}$ is 7. Compute the corresponding eigenvector $\begin{pmatrix} x \\ y \end{pmatrix}$. How much is x/y ?
 A) $-\frac{7}{3}$, B) $-\frac{2}{3}$, C) $-\frac{4}{3}$, D) $-\frac{5}{3}$, E) $-\frac{1}{3}$
- (2) Compute $\begin{pmatrix} a & b \\ c & d \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 4 & 1 \\ 0 & 4 \end{pmatrix}^{-1}$. How much is $a + 2b + 3c + 4d$?
 A) $\frac{9}{8}$, B) $\frac{3}{8}$, C) $\frac{7}{8}$, D) $\frac{1}{8}$, E) $\frac{5}{8}$
- (3) Let $f(x) = 5x + 6$. Compute $f^{-1}(x) = cx + d$. How much is $2c + 3d$?
 A) $-\frac{17}{5}$, B) $-\frac{16}{5}$, C) $-\frac{18}{5}$, D) $-\frac{21}{5}$, E) $-\frac{19}{5}$
- (4) One of the eigenvectors of the matrix $\begin{pmatrix} 4 & 8 \\ 8 & 4 \end{pmatrix}$ is $\begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ -1 \end{pmatrix}$. What is the corresponding eigenvalue?
 A) -8, B) -5, C) -6, D) -7, E) -4
- (5) Let us take the following mapping $\phi : \begin{pmatrix} x \\ y \end{pmatrix} \rightarrow \begin{pmatrix} 2 & 1 \\ z & 4 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} x \\ y \end{pmatrix}$. How much is z , if ϕ is not invertible?
 A) 10, B) 9, C) 8, D) 7, E) 11
- (6) Let $f(x) = 2x - 2$ and $x_0 = 3$. Compute $f^{11}(x_0)$.
 A) 2050, B) 2051, C) 2053, D) 2054, E) 2052

1¹:2¹:3¹:4¹:5¹:6¹:

1 1: A¹, 2: B¹, 3: B¹, 4: D¹, 5: B¹, 6: C¹,
2 1: E¹, 2: A¹, 3: B¹, 4: A¹, 5: C¹, 6: C¹,
3 1: B¹, 2: A¹, 3: A¹, 4: E¹, 5: C¹, 6: A¹,
4 1: D¹, 2: C¹, 3: A¹, 4: B¹, 5: D¹, 6: D¹,
5 1: E¹, 2: C¹, 3: C¹, 4: A¹, 5: D¹, 6: D¹,

6 1: E¹, 2: B¹, 3: C¹, 4: B¹, 5: B¹, 6: E¹,
7 1: B¹, 2: E¹, 3: D¹, 4: E¹, 5: C¹, 6: E¹,
8 1: A¹, 2: D¹, 3: D¹, 4: B¹, 5: E¹, 6: D¹,
9 1: C¹, 2: D¹, 3: B¹, 4: B¹, 5: E¹, 6: E¹,
10 1: D¹, 2: A¹, 3: B¹, 4: A¹, 5: E¹, 6: B¹,

11 1: B¹, 2: B¹, 3: E¹, 4: D¹, 5: D¹, 6: D¹,
12 1: A¹, 2: D¹, 3: B¹, 4: C¹, 5: D¹, 6: A¹,
13 1: D¹, 2: B¹, 3: C¹, 4: A¹, 5: A¹, 6: C¹,
14 1: C¹, 2: E¹, 3: C¹, 4: E¹, 5: B¹, 6: E¹,
15 1: C¹, 2: E¹, 3: C¹, 4: C¹, 5: D¹, 6: A¹,

16 1: D¹, 2: B¹, 3: E¹, 4: C¹, 5: C¹, 6: B¹,
17 1: E¹, 2: B¹, 3: D¹, 4: B¹, 5: B¹, 6: B¹,
18 1: D¹, 2: E¹, 3: D¹, 4: E¹, 5: A¹, 6: E¹,
19 1: E¹, 2: D¹, 3: E¹, 4: C¹, 5: B¹, 6: A¹,
20 1: C¹, 2: B¹, 3: D¹, 4: B¹, 5: C¹, 6: D¹,

21 1: E¹, 2: D¹, 3: E¹, 4: D¹, 5: D¹, 6: E¹,
22 1: E¹, 2: D¹, 3: A¹, 4: A¹, 5: B¹, 6: B¹,
23 1: C¹, 2: C¹, 3: A¹, 4: D¹, 5: A¹, 6: B¹,
24 1: A¹, 2: A¹, 3: B¹, 4: C¹, 5: B¹, 6: E¹,
25 1: B¹, 2: A¹, 3: B¹, 4: E¹, 5: C¹, 6: A¹,
