(1) Let us take the following mapping  $\phi: \begin{pmatrix} x \\ y \end{pmatrix} \rightarrow \begin{pmatrix} 3 & 3 \\ 2 & 3 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} x \\ y \end{pmatrix}$ . How much is the signed area of the image of the unit square? A) 3, B) 6, C) 4, D) 2, E) 5 А 1 (2) Let us take the following mapping  $\phi: \begin{pmatrix} x \\ y \end{pmatrix} \rightarrow \begin{pmatrix} 2 & 1 \\ z & 4 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} x \\ y \end{pmatrix}$ . How much is z, if  $\phi$  is not invertible? A) 10, B) 8, C) 11, D) 9, E) 7 В 1 (3) Compute  $\begin{pmatrix} a & b \\ c & d \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 4 & 3 \\ 0 & 3 \end{pmatrix}^{-1}$ . How much is a + 2b + 3c + 4d? A)  $\frac{23}{12}$ , B)  $\frac{25}{12}$ , C)  $\frac{13}{12}$ , D)  $\frac{17}{12}$ , E)  $\frac{19}{12}$ (4) Compute  $\begin{pmatrix} a & b \\ c & d \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 4 & 4 \\ 1 & 2 \end{pmatrix}^{-1}$ . How much is a + 2b + 3c + 4d? A)  $\frac{9}{4}$ , B)  $\frac{5}{4}$ , C)  $\frac{7}{4}$ , D)  $\frac{11}{4}$ , E)  $\frac{3}{4}$ (5) Let  $A = \begin{pmatrix} a & b \\ c & d \end{pmatrix}$ ,  $A \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 2 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}$  and  $A \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 4 \\ 4 \end{pmatrix}$ . How much is a + 2b + 3c + 4d? A)  $\frac{13}{5}$ , B)  $\frac{11}{5}$ , C)  $\frac{12}{5}$ , D)  $\frac{14}{5}$ , E)  $\frac{9}{5}$ E (6) One of the eigenvectors of the matrix  $\begin{pmatrix} 1 & 2 \\ 2 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$  is  $\begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ -1 \end{pmatrix}$ . What is the corresponding eigenvalue? A) 0, B) 2, C) -1, D) 3, E) 1 С 1 (7) One of the eigenvectors of the matrix  $\begin{pmatrix} 2 & 4 \\ 4 & 2 \end{pmatrix}$  is  $\begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}$ . What is the correspondig eigenvalue? A) 8, B) 7, C) 10, D) 6, E) 9 D

(8) One of the eigenvalues of the matrix  $\begin{pmatrix} 4 & 4 \\ 0 & 5 \end{pmatrix}$  is 5. Compute the correspondig eigenvector  $\begin{pmatrix} x \\ y \end{pmatrix}$ . How much is x/y? A) -3, B) -2, C) 1, D) -1, E) 0 D 1

(9) Suppose that the dynamics of a two state stochastic system is generated by the matrix \$\begin{pmatrix} \frac{1}{5} & \frac{9}{10} \\ \frac{1}{5} & \frac{1}{10} \end{pmatrix}\$. Find the steady state probability vector \$\begin{pmatrix} p\_1 \\ p\_2 \end{pmatrix}\$. How much is \$p\_1/p\_2\$ ?

A) \$\frac{15}{8}\$, B) \$\frac{7}{8}\$, C) \$\frac{13}{8}\$, D) \$\frac{9}{8}\$, E) \$\frac{11}{8}\$
D

1

(10) Let \$f(x) = 5x + 8\$. Compute \$f^{-1}(x) = cx + d\$. How much is \$2c + 3d\$ ?

A) \$-\frac{24}{5}\$, B) \$-\frac{26}{5}\$, C) \$-\frac{23}{5}\$, D) \$-\frac{22}{5}\$, E) \$-\frac{21}{5}\$

(11) Let 
$$f(x) = 2x - 3$$
 and  $x_0 = 4$ . Compute  $f^{11}(x_0)$ .  
A) 2052, B) 2055, C) 2054, D) 2053, E) 2051  
E

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