

$$\begin{aligned}
 &= 1 \cdot \cos(4x) + (x+3) [-\sin(4x) \cdot 4] \\
 &= (x+3) \cos(4x) - (x+3) [4 \cos(4x)] \\
 &\quad , \text{ } f_q + f_f = (f_q + f_f) \quad (4)
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 &f(t+\Delta x) \approx 112 + 3\Delta x \\
 &t + \Delta x = 5 + t = 6 \cdot t - 5 \quad f(x) = 6x - 5 \\
 &f(t) = 3 \cdot t^2 - 5 \cdot t = 112 \quad f(x) = 3x^2 - 5x \quad (3)
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 &x \Delta x + t \Delta x = x \Delta x + 3\Delta x = (3 \cdot 2 \cdot t - 5) + 3\Delta x = \frac{x \Delta x}{3 \cdot 2 \cdot t + 3\Delta x - 5\Delta x} = \\
 &\frac{x \Delta x}{[t + 5 - t^2 - 3] - [(x+t)(5-t) - 5(t+\Delta x) - 5(t+\Delta x)^2]} = \frac{x \Delta x}{[t + \Delta x] - f(t)} = \\
 &f(x_0 + \Delta x) = 3(t + \Delta x)^2 - 5(t + \Delta x) = 3 \cdot (t^2 + 2 \cdot t \cdot \Delta x + \Delta x^2) - 5(t + \Delta x) \quad (2)
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 &s_{1/4} \frac{\partial}{\partial x} = \frac{1}{2} \cdot 1 \cdot \left[s_{1/2} - \frac{\partial}{\partial x} \right] = \\
 &\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \left(1 - \frac{5}{6} \right)^{3n-2} = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \left[\left(1 - \frac{5}{6} \right)^n + \left(1 - \frac{5}{6} \right)^{-n} \right] = \\
 &\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \left(1 + \frac{1}{x} \right)^x = e \quad (1)
 \end{aligned}$$

4. Compute $((x+3)\cos(4x))'$
 the value of $f(t + \Delta x)$?

3. Let $f(x) = 3x^2 - 5x$, $x_0 = 7$. What is the prediction of the linear approximation of f around x_0 for

2. Let $f(x) = 3x^2 - 5x$, $x_0 = 7$. Compute $\frac{f(x_0 + \Delta x) - f(x_0)}{\Delta x}$!

1. Compute $\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \left(1 - \frac{5}{6} \right)^{3n-2}$!