

25.)

$$V = 5\text{ l} \quad p = 0,1 \text{ MPa} \quad N_2 \quad Q = 1,5 \text{ kJ} \quad \kappa = 1,4 \quad p_2 = ?$$

$$\Delta E_b = Q + W$$

$$pV = nRT$$

$$\Delta E_b = \frac{f}{2} n R \Delta T$$

$$\kappa = \frac{c_p}{c_v}$$

$$Q = C \Delta T$$

$$C = c_m = c^m \cdot n$$

$$\text{Ha } V = \text{'all} \quad W = 0$$

$$\Delta E_b = Q$$

$$\frac{f}{2} n R \Delta T = c_v^m n \Delta T$$

$$c_v^m = \frac{f}{2} R$$

$$\kappa = \frac{c_p}{c_v} = \frac{c_p^m}{c_v^m} = \frac{\frac{f}{2} + 1}{\frac{f}{2}} = \frac{f+2}{f} = 1,4$$

$$f+2 = 1,4 f$$

$$0,4 f = 2$$

$$f = 5$$

$$\text{Ha } p = \text{'all} \quad W = -p \Delta V$$

$$pV = nRT$$

$$p \Delta V = n R \Delta T$$

$$\frac{f}{2} n R \Delta T = c_p^m n \Delta T - p \Delta V$$

$$\frac{f}{2} n R \Delta T = c_p^m n \Delta T - n R \Delta T$$

$$\left(\frac{f}{2} + 1\right) n R \Delta T = c_p^m n \Delta T$$

$$c_p^m = \left(\frac{f}{2} + 1\right) R$$

$$\text{Most } V = \text{'all}$$

$$\Delta E_b = Q$$

$$\frac{f}{2} n R \Delta T = Q$$

$$pV = nRT$$

$$\frac{5}{2} \Delta p V = Q$$

$$\Delta p V = n R \Delta T$$

$$\Delta p = \frac{2}{5} \frac{Q}{V} = \frac{2}{5} \frac{1500 \text{ J}}{0,005 \text{ m}^3} = 120\,000 \text{ Pa}$$

$$p_2 = p_1 + \Delta p = 0,1 \text{ MPa} + 0,12 \text{ MPa} = \underline{0,22 \text{ MPa}}$$